COURSE OUTLINE

(1)GENERAL

SCHOOL	Social Sciences			
ACADEMIC UNIT	Sociology			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	Undergraduate			
COURSE CODE	KINK372 SEMESTER 6 th +			
COURSE TITLE	Special topics in the methodology of research on collective action			
if credits are awarded for separ course, e.g. lectures, laborator credits are awarded for the whole weekly teaching hours and	rate compon by exercises, e of the coul	ents of the etc. If the rse, give the	WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS
		Lectures	3	6
Add rows if necessary. The organis the teaching methods used are de COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Specialized Political So Social Histo Theories o Sociology	etail at (d). knowledge ociology ory f Social Change a	nd Development on and Social Move	ments
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS: IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	Greek Yes (as read	ling course - Engli	sh bibliography)	
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	Available at	E-Learn (Moodle) in Greek	

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The seminar focuses on methods of studying and researching collective action, particularly protest cycles (cycles of contentious politics), social movements, and their changing repertoires.

Specifically, upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to:

- Be familiar with the methodological choices of different approaches of collective action for the research and analysis of protest events.
- Be familiar with contemporary basic research in the field of collective action and social movements.
- Be aware of the basic concepts related to protest events, repertoires of action, and protest cycles.
- Understands and applies the basic principles of organizing research focused protest event analysis.

Understands and applies the basic principles o protest events and protest cycles.	f organizing research that focuses on the qualitative analysis of
General Competences Taking into consideration the general competence Diploma Supplement and appear below), at whice	ces that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and information, with the use of the necessary technology Adapting to new situations Decision-making Working independently Team work Working in an international environment	Project planning and management Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues Criticism and self-criticism Production of free, creative and inductive thinking
Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment Production of new research ideas	Others
Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and in Working independently Production of free, creative and inductive think Showing social, professional and ethical respor Respect for difference and multiculturalism Respect for the natural environment Production of free, creative and inductive think	nsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

(3)SYLLABUS

The content of the seminar is organized around the following topics:
• Research on collective action using the theory of collective behavior: Dissatisfaction and relative deprivation.
• Research on new social movements using the example of rational choice theories: Resource mobilization and organizational networks.
• Research on political processes and the methodological assumptions of contentious politics.
Creation of quantitative databases based on the protest event analysis method.
Qualitative research in the study of collective action and social movements: Collective action frames.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	Face-to-face
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in teaching Use of ICT in communication with students
TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with	

students		
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory	Lectures	39
practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials,	Fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography	26
placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	Autonomous Study	60
	Preparation and presentation of students'	25
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-directed study	projects	
according to the principles of the ECTS		
	Course total	150

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, shortanswer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

Language of evaluation: Greek

Methods of evaluation: Oral presentation of project and submission of assigned written paper.

The evaluation of students is done on the basis of the following:

- A. Active participation in the seminar course (15%).
- B. Oral presentation of their individual work (25%).
- C. Evaluation of their written final project (60%).

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

The bibliography and the selection of project themes for Erasmus students will be discussed during the first week of the seminar.