COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

SCHOOL	OF SOCIAL S	OF SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE				
COURSE CODE	ANAK390 SEMESTER 7				
	Special issues in Rural Sociology: European Policies and Development in Rural Space - Socioeconomic and Environmental Dimensions				
COURSE TITLE					
INDEPENDENT TEACHI					
if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g.			TEACHING		CREDITS
	lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the			,	CKEDIIS
whole of the course, give the weekly teach	ning hours and i	HOURS		_	
SEMINARS		3		6	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching					
methods used are described in detail at (d).					
COURSE TYPE	SKILLS DEVELOPMENT				
general background, special background, specialised general					
knowledge, skills development					
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	AGRK290, AGRK291				
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION	GREEK				
and EXAMINATIONS:					
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO	YES, IN THE CASE OF EXCELLENT COMMAND IN				
ERASMUS STUDENTS	SPOKEN AND WRITTEN ENGLISH				
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	e-learn (Moodle)				
	, , , , ,	,			
	1				

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

Upon the successful completion of the seminar, students will have acquired the ability to:

- 1. Interpret the implementation of policies related to rural areas, with a reference framework of Greece and European Union countries.
- 2. Understand the political, economic, and social dimensions of the establishment of the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP).
- 3. Comprehend the socio-economic and environmental impacts of agricultural policy (CAP) on rural areas.
- 4. Develop their scientific skills, which they will be able to use for the design, analysis, and interpretation of agricultural issues through methodological exercises in class.
- 5. Study and interpret the prospects for the development of rural societies within the framework of sustainable development.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management information, with the use of the necessary technology Respect for difference and multiculturalism Adapting to new situations Respect for the natural environment

Decision-making Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

Working independently sensitivity to gender issues Team work Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking Working in an international environment

Working in an interdisciplinary environment Others...

Production of new research ideas

- Development of skills for the systematic study of issues related to rural areas in Greece and European Union countries, with an emphasis on environmental and socio-economic transitions and inequalities.
- Development of critical thinking by students regarding issues as presented in rural sociology and related fields, through the theoretical and empirical exploration of rural problems and sustainability issues.
- Acquisition of knowledge about the political forces and dynamics that influence the general development of rural areas.
- Understanding the value of interdisciplinarity and multidisciplinarity in addressing rural problems.
- Adaptation to new situations.
- Decision-making.
- Independent work.
- Working in an international environment.
- Working in an interdisciplinary environment.
- Creation of new research ideas.
- Respect for diversity and multiculturalism.
- Respect for the natural environment.
- Demonstration of social, professional, and ethical responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues.
- Practice of critique and self-critique.
- Promotion of free, creative, and inductive thinking.
- Awareness of inequality issues.
- Team work

(3) SYLLABUS

This seminar aims to explore policies that are related to rural areas, with reference rural Greece and Europe. It initially raises the question of whether a specialized policy for the agricultural sector, such as the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) is necessary. It examines the significance of political, economic, and social factors in the historical evolution of the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP) while emphasizing the socio-economic and environmental impacts of this policy on the agricultural sector, particularly within the context of rural multifunctionality.

The seminar also examines specific issues of rural development, and the role of

social groups such as women and young farmers on the viability of the Greek and European countryside. It also focuses on the re-localization of food and agricultural products, the production of high-quality agricultural goods, alternative food production and distribution chains, and environmental protection within the framework of sustainability and the integrated development of rural areas.

Specifically, the seminar will focus on the following topics:

- The concept of agricultural policy the social, economic, and political reasons that necessitate its implementation.
- Structural intervention measures, implementation, and revision of the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP).
- The environmental dimension of the CAP.
- New prospects for the European and Greek countryside within the framework of rural development. Structures and functions of the multifunctional agriculture model.
- Gender and rural development.
- Youth and rural development.
- Endogenous development.
- Quality products and rural development.
- Re-localisation of food.
- Alternative networks for the production and distribution of agricultural products.
- Environment and rural development.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	SEMINAR Face to Face				
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education,	USE OF POWERPOINT IN TEACHING, DOCUMENTARIES, COMMUNICATION WITH STUDENTS VIA EMAIL, ELEARN.				
communication with students TEACHING METHODS	communication with students				
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail. Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice, fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography, tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity, etc.	SEMINARS	26			
	INDIVIDUAL OR GROUP PRESENTATIONS	26			
	ESSAY WRITING	20			
	STUDY AND ANALYSIS OF CASE-STUDIES	10			
The student's study hours for each learning activity are given as well as the hours of non-					
directed study according to the principles of					
the ECTS	STUDENT'S STUDY HOURS FOR EACH LEARNING ACTIVITY	43			
	COURSE TOTAL	125			

STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation procedure

Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical examination of patient, art interpretation, other

Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.

DESCRIPTION OF EVALUATION PROCEDURE IN ENGLISH:

- 1. Group assignments, preparation and commentary on given texts, literature analysis, oral participation and assignment presentations (50% of overall grade).
- 2. Two written assignments
- First essay, up to 2,500 words excluding bibliography, focuses on essay writing work or on problem solving type essay on a given topic as described on the course content.
- Second essay, up to 2,500 words excluding bibliography, focuses on essay writing work or on problem solving type essays. on a given topic as described on the course content.
- The aim of the ESSAY/S: centers on the student's ability to summarize the main argument, to identify and criticize its theoretical perspective and to present an alternative approach of studying the issues involved.
- Each essay constitutes 25% of the final grade.

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- Suggested bibliography:

In English

- Bowler, I.R., Bryant, C.R., Cocklin, C. (eds), *The Sustainability of Rural Systems:* Geographical Interpretations (Dordrecht: Kluwer, 2002).
- Brouwer, F., Lowe, P. (eds), CAP Regimes and the European Countryside: Prospects for Integration between Agricultural, Regional and Environmental Policies (Wallingford: CABI Publishing, 2000).
- Bruckmeier, K., Tovey, H. (eds), Rural Sustainable Development in the Knowledge Society, (Aldershot: Ashgate, 2009).
- Bryden, J., Hart, K. (eds), A New Approach to Rural Development in Europe: Germany, Greece, Scotland and Sweden, Mellen Studies in Geography Volume 9 (Lewiston: Edwin Mellen Press, 2004).
- Fonte, M., Papadopoulos, A.G. (eds), Naming Food after Places: Patterns of Food Relocalization and Knowledge Dynamics in Rural Development (Aldershot: Ashgate Publishing Company, 2010).
- Gasson, R., Errington, A., *The Farm Family Business* (Wallingford: CABI Publishing, 1993).
- Hedberg, C., do Carmo, R.M. (eds), *Translocal Ruralism: Mobility and Connectivity in European Rural Spaces* (Dordrecht: Springer, 2011).
- Holloway, L., Kneafsey, M. (eds), *Geographies of Rural Cultures and Societies* (Aldershot: Ashgate, 2004).
- Hoggart, K., Buller, H., Black, R., Rural Europe: Identity and Change (London: Arnold, 1995).
- Ilbery, B. (ed), The Geography of Rural Change (Harlow: Longman, 1998).
- Moseley, M.J., Rural Development: Principles and Practice (London: Sage, 2003).
- Robinson, G., Geographies of Agriculture: Globalization, Restructuring and Sustainability (Harlow: Pearson, 2004).
- Terluin, I.J., Rural Regions in the EU: Exploring Differences in Economic Development (Utrecht/ Groningen: Rijksuniversiteit Groningen, 2001).
- Whatmore, S., Hybrid Geographies: Natures, Cultures, Spaces (London: Sage Publications, 2002).
- Woods, M., Rural Geography (London: Sage, 2005).
- Related academic journals:

Sociologia Ruralis
Journal of Rural Studies