COURSE OUTLINE

(1) GENERAL

LECTURER	IRENE HAVREDAKI			
SEMESTER (fall/spring)	SPRING			
SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES			
ACADEMIC UNIT	DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY			
LEVEL OF STUDIES	UNDERGRADUATE			
COURSE CODE	AΓΓK040 SEMESTER SPRING			
COURSE TITLE	ENGLISH FOR STUDENTS OF SOCIOLOGY-SOCIOLOGICAL METHODS , LEVEL D			
INDEPENDENT TEACHING ACTIVITIES if credits are awarded for separate components of the course, e.g. lectures, laboratory exercises, etc. If the credits are awarded for the whole of the course, give the weekly teaching hours and the total credits		WEEKLY TEACHING HOURS	CREDITS	
		3	5	
Add rows if necessary. The organisation of teaching and the teaching methods used are described in detail at (d).				
COURSE TYPE general background, special background, specialised general knowledge, skills development	SPECIALIZED GENERAL KN	IOWLEDGE		
PREREQUISITE COURSES:	Adequate reading and writing proficiency of the English language is expected			
LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION and EXAMINATIONS:	The language of instruction is English. However, the English text and the specialized terms of each unit are also translated into Greek			
IS THE COURSE OFFERED TO ERASMUS STUDENTS	YES			
COURSE WEBSITE (URL)	Elearn.uoc.gr			

(2) LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning outcomes

The course learning outcomes, specific knowledge, skills and competences of an appropriate level, which the students will acquire with the successful completion of the course are described.

Consult Appendix A

- Description of the level of learning outcomes for each qualifications cycle, according to the Qualifications Framework of the European Higher Education Area
- Descriptors for Levels 6, 7 & 8 of the European Qualifications Framework for Lifelong Learning and Appendix B
- Guidelines for writing Learning Outcomes

The main objective of this course is to familiarize the students of Sociology with the special terminology of their area of expertise and also help them approach the study of the English language both substantively as well as methodologically. It also aims at improving their general ability to communicate effectively in English.

In giving emphasis to English as a medium of expression for this scientific area, it tries to provide a good grounding in the use of English in social studies. In that respect, it tries to familiarize the students of Sociology with the language and specialized terms of this particular area and to prepare them in reading more difficult texts related to this discipline.

The principal method of teaching in this course is by lectures. The students are expected to write down notes during the lectures which will form the basis for their reading material for the formal examinations. Individual help is given as needed.

The course is intended for students at the intermediate-advanced level. Therefore, those who take it should be competent in English grammar and vocabulary and also have at least a basic knowledge of sociology in their native language.

General Competences

Taking into consideration the general competences that the degree-holder must acquire (as these appear in the Diploma Supplement and appear below), at which of the following does the course aim?

Search for, analysis and synthesis of data and Project planning and management

information, with the use of the necessary technology

Adapting to new situations

Decision-making Working independently

Team work

Working in an international environment Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Production of new research ideas

Respect for difference and

multiculturalism Respect for the natural

environment

Showing social, professional and ethical responsibility and

sensitivity to gender issues

Criticism and self-criticism

Production of free, creative and inductive thinking

Others...

Generally, the students through this course, acquire the following competences:

- **1.** They have gained knowledge and understanding of the use of the English language and in particular the specialized terminology of Sociology in English, which will allow them to pursue relevant study independently.
- 2. They are able to use the knowledge and understanding they have acquired in a way that shows a professional approach to their work or profession, and they have developed the skills to support arguments and problem solving through the use of the English language within their area of specialization.
- 3. They have the ability to compile and interpret relevant information written or spoken in English (typically within their field of expertise but also pertaining to cognate disciplines), to form judgments on related social, scientific or ethical issues.
- **4.** They are able to communicate information, ideas, problems and solutions in English to both specialized and non-specialized audience.
- **5.** They have developed the appropriate skills to pursue further studies in English with a high degree of autonomy.
- **6.** They are more able to examine and understand many interdisciplinary problems related to social issues.
- **7.** They have developed a better understanding of the terminology of adjoining specializations, such as anthropology, psychology, political science, economics, social work, etc.

(3) SYLLABUS

The course approaches different research methods and methodological issues, such as:

- 1. Methodology
- 2. Quantitative and Qualitative Methods
- 3. The Survey
- 4. Sampling Methods
- 5. The Interview
- 6. Observational Methods
- 7. The Experimental Method
- 8. Conversational Analysis
- 9. Content Analysis
- 10. The Case Study Method

Each unit of the course book contains a text related to a sociological method, followed by a reading comprehension section, questions for discussion, vocabulary and grammar exercises, special terms and writing projects related to the topic examined in the unit.

The textbook also contains a glossary of special terms, an appendix of irregular verbs and bibliography.

(4) TEACHING and LEARNING METHODS - EVALUATION

DELIVERY Face-to-face, Distance learning, etc.	FACE TO FACE		
USE OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY	E-learn and emails		
Use of ICT in teaching, laboratory education, communication with students			
TEACHING METHODS	Activity	Semester workload	
The manner and methods of teaching are described in detail.	LECTURES	40	
Lectures, seminars, laboratory practice,	STUDY AND ANALYSIS OF	50	
fieldwork, study and analysis of bibliography,	BIBLIOGRAPHY		
tutorials, placements, clinical practice, art workshop, interactive teaching, educational	ESSAY WRITING	35	
visits, project, essay writing, artistic creativity,			
etc.			
The student's study hours for each learning			
activity are given as well as the hours of non- directed study according to the principles of			
the ECTS			
	Course total	125	
STUDENT PERFORMANCE	Various assessment methods are used, which include		
EVALUATION	both formal examinations and continual evaluation of the		
Description of the evaluation procedure	course work, based on class participation and writing		
Language of evaluation, methods of evaluation, summative or conclusive, multiple choice questionnaires, short-answer questions, open-ended questions, problem solving, written work, essay/report, oral examination, public presentation, laboratory work, clinical	projects. Assessment is mainly by examination but also project work, written assignments and class participation are		
examination of patient, art interpretation, other	important aspects and can contribute about 20% of marks.		
Specifically-defined evaluation criteria are given, and if and where they are accessible to students.	The principal method of teaching in this course is by lectures. The students are expected to write down notes during the lectures which will form the basis of their reading material for the formal examinations. The final evaluation is based on a combination of class participation, written assignments and examination results.		
	The evaluation criteria are cle in the first lecture of the cour several times during the sem- given as needed.	rse and are also repeated	

(5) ATTACHED BIBLIOGRAPHY

